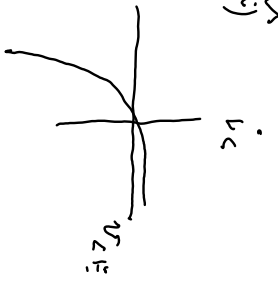
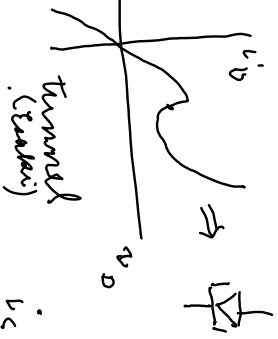
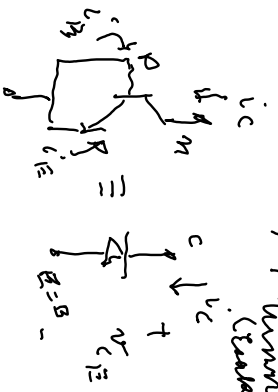
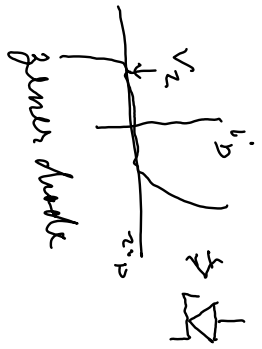
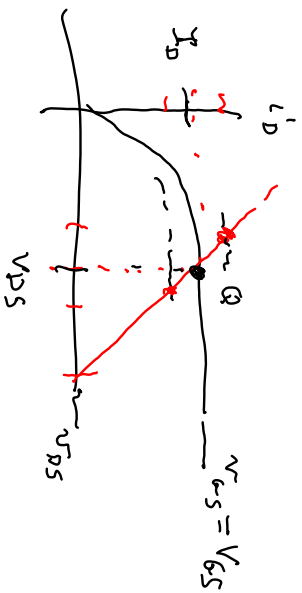
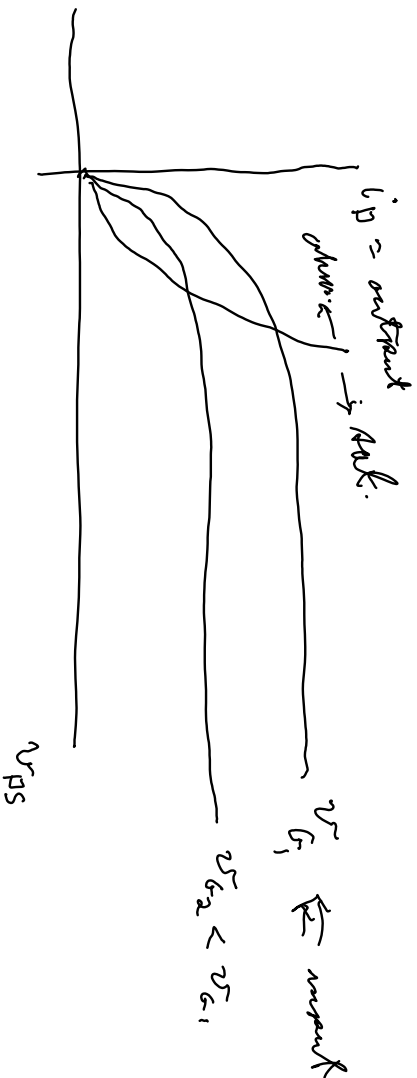


KCL  $0 = i_c + i_b + i_e$   
 $i_c = \alpha(-i_e)$







$$i_D = I_D + \frac{\partial i_D}{\partial v_{DS}} (v_{DS} - V_{DS}) + \frac{\partial i_D}{\partial v_{GS}} (v_{GS} - V_{GS}) + \text{higher order in } v_{DS} \text{ \& } v_{GS} \Rightarrow \text{ignore for small signal}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \text{Q} \\ v_{GS} = V_{GS} \\ v_{DS} = V_{DS} \end{matrix}$$

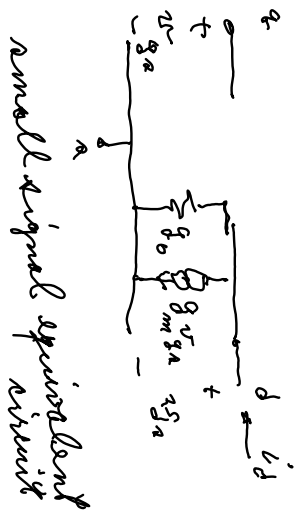
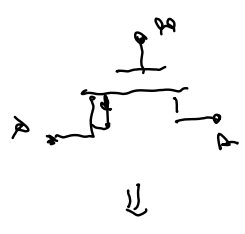
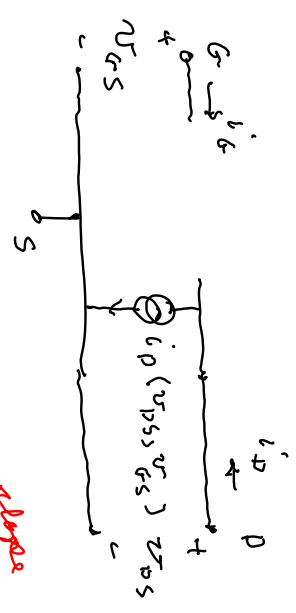
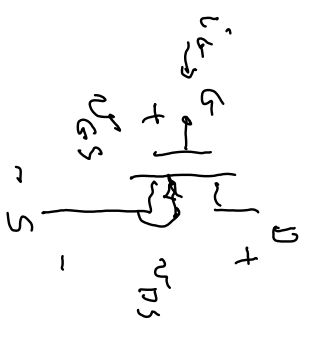
$$i_D - I_D = i_D = \frac{\partial i_D}{\partial v_{DS}} v_{DA} + \frac{\partial i_D}{\partial v_{GS}} v_{GA}$$

$g_m$  " output  
 $g_m$  " input  
 $g_m$  " small signal

$$i_D \approx I_D - I_D$$

$$v_{DA} = v_{DS} - V_{DS}$$

$$v_{GA} = v_{GS} - V_{GS}$$



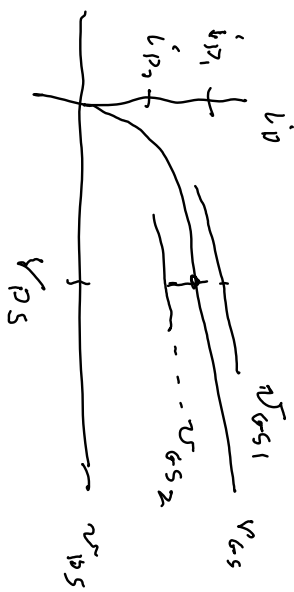
small signal equivalent circuit

$$g_m = \frac{\partial i_D}{\partial V_{GS}} \Big|_{V_{GS} = \text{const.}}$$

= slope of \$i\_D\$ vs \$V\_{GS}\$

$$g_m \approx \frac{\partial i_D}{\partial V_{GS}} \Big|_{V_{GS} = \text{const.}}$$

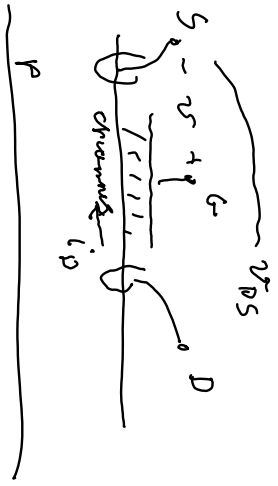
= slope of \$i\_D\$ vs \$V\_{GS}\$



$$g_m \approx \frac{i_{D1} - i_{D2}}{V_{GS1} - V_{GS2}} \quad (\text{where } V_{GS} = V_{DS})$$

in Series G component = VCCS  
 R is a resistor

$$\begin{bmatrix} i_g \\ i_d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ g_m & g_d \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_{gs} \\ v_{ds} \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow i = Yv, \quad Y = 2\text{-port} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ g_m & g_d \end{bmatrix} \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



Loss frequency 2-port of of NMOS (2x2 matrix)

$$g_m \text{ in saturation} = \frac{\partial \left( \frac{k_n W}{2L} (v_{gs} - V_{to})^2 \right)}{\partial v_{gs}} = 2 \cdot \frac{k_n W}{2L} (v_{gs} - V_{to}) \Big|_{v_{gs} = V_{gs}}$$

$$\downarrow = \frac{2 \cdot I_D}{(V_{gs} - V_{to})} = \frac{2 \cdot I_D}{V_{OD}}$$

overdrive