File: h:/coursesS13/307/555\_exp.doc RWN 04/30/14 ENEE 307 Experiments – 555 Timer.

- Study the 555 Timer, see pages 1369 1374 of Sedra/Smith, "Microelectronic Circuits," 6<sup>th</sup> edition. More data including pin numbers is available at <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/555\_timer\_IC</u>. A full data sheet is at <u>http://www.ti.com/lit/ds/symlink/ne555.pdf</u>
  The package available is the 8 pin one. For this experiment make a design for each of a) Astable (=continuous pulse generator), b) bistable (=flip-flop) and c) Monostable (=triggered one-shot). The connections are shown below.
- 2. Beginning with the astable configuration, start with typical values of the TI data sheet:R1=3.9KOhm, R2=3KOhm, C=0.01uFd, VCC=5V. Check, analytically and by experiment, the results. Try several other values of R's and C's to check analytical design equations. (R1=RA & R2=Rb on some data sheets)
- 3. For the monostable design start with C=1uFd and R near 91KOhm.
- 4. Check the behavior of the bistable configuration by set and reset pulses observing the rise and fall times.
- The Philips application note, AN170 of December 1988, pages 7 9, gives several other uses which if time allows would be worth testing. These are also nicely summarized on page 5 of <u>http://www.williamson-labs.com/555\_apps.htm</u>.

The following connection diagrams are copied from the Wikipedia web page.

