

303H Spring 2009 – Midterm Exam Th 03/26/09

Open book open notes but not open computers (calculators ok but only for calculations); 100 points total; if stuck go on to the next problem. Good luck

For DC characterization of CMOS transistors use the data for the 4007s.

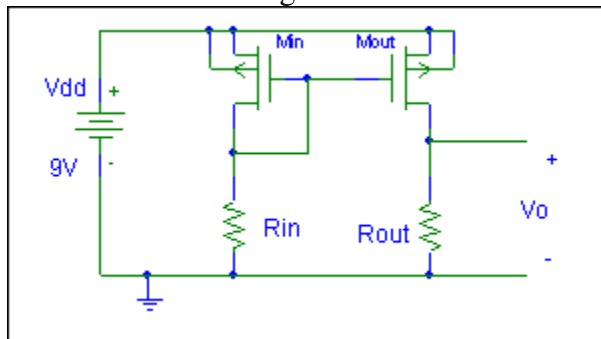
Here are the key 4007 parameters:

NMOS: $KP=20.54\mu$, $W=144\mu$, $L=8\mu$, $V_{TO}=1.3$, $LAMBDA=15m$

PMOS: $KP=10.32\mu$, $W=328\mu$, $L=8\mu$, $V_{TO}=-1.5$, $LAMBDA=15m$

1. (25 points, 15 min) The following circuit is a current mirror designed for $V_o=3V$. Here the two transistors are identical and $R_{in}=R_{out}=R$. Take into account the Early effect..

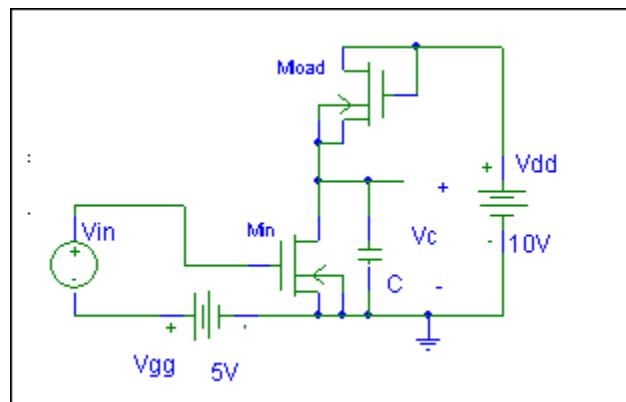
- a) Find R_{in} to give the desired V_o (the transistors are 4007s).
- b) Give also the resulting resistor currents.



2. (35 points, 25 min)

For the following circuit [V_{in} is small signal of DC value 0; the transistors are 4007s, But keep answers in literals, i.e., go, gm, C until part e)]

- a) Explain why the bias value for V_c is 5V.
- b) Draw the small signal equivalent circuit ignoring transistor capacitors (but not C).
- c) Redraw it as a 2-port with V_{in} externally feeding port 1 and C internally across port 2.
- d) Give the resulting 2-port admittance matrix, $Y(s)$.
- e) Evaluate the entries of $Y(s)$ for the 4007 when $C=100pF$.



3. (40 points, 25 min) The following is an equivalent circuit for an emitter follower (operating at room temperature) for which the input admittance $Y_{in}(s) = i_{in}(s)/V_i(s)$ is desired. Assume the transistor is properly biased with collector current, $I_c = 2.6\text{mA}$, and has $\beta = 100$, $V_A = 100$ (giving R_o through the Early effect) and $R_e = R_o$.
- Find $Y_{in}(s)$ and give its poles and zeros as a function of C_{pi} .
 - Sketch its poles and zeros when $C_{pi} = 10\text{pF}$.
 - By physical reasoning on capacitor behavior give the high frequency behavior of Y_{in} and use this as a check on your $Y_{in}(s)$.

