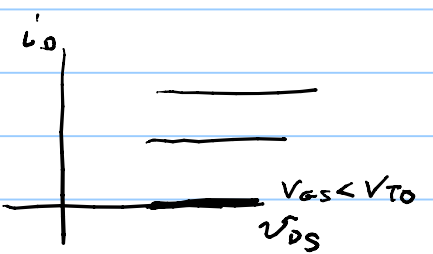


$$i_D \approx \frac{K_P}{2} \frac{W}{L} (V_{GS} - V_{T0})^2 (1 + \lambda V_{DS})$$

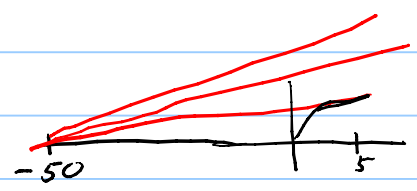


for mu n mosis transistor

$$K_P = 5.05 \times 10^{-5} \text{ amp/volt}^2$$

$$V_{T0} = 0.858 \text{ volt}$$

$$\lambda = 1.84 \times 10^{-2} \frac{1}{\text{v}} \frac{1}{V_{T0}}$$



for any fixed  $V_{GS}$ ,  $i_D = 0 @ v_{DS} = -\frac{1}{\lambda} \approx -50V = \text{Early voltage}$

If  $W = L = 10\mu = 10u$   $\mu = p = \text{micron} = 10^{-6} \text{ meters}$

Reasonable range  $V_{GS} \approx 5V$  }  $V_{DS}$  to put in activation

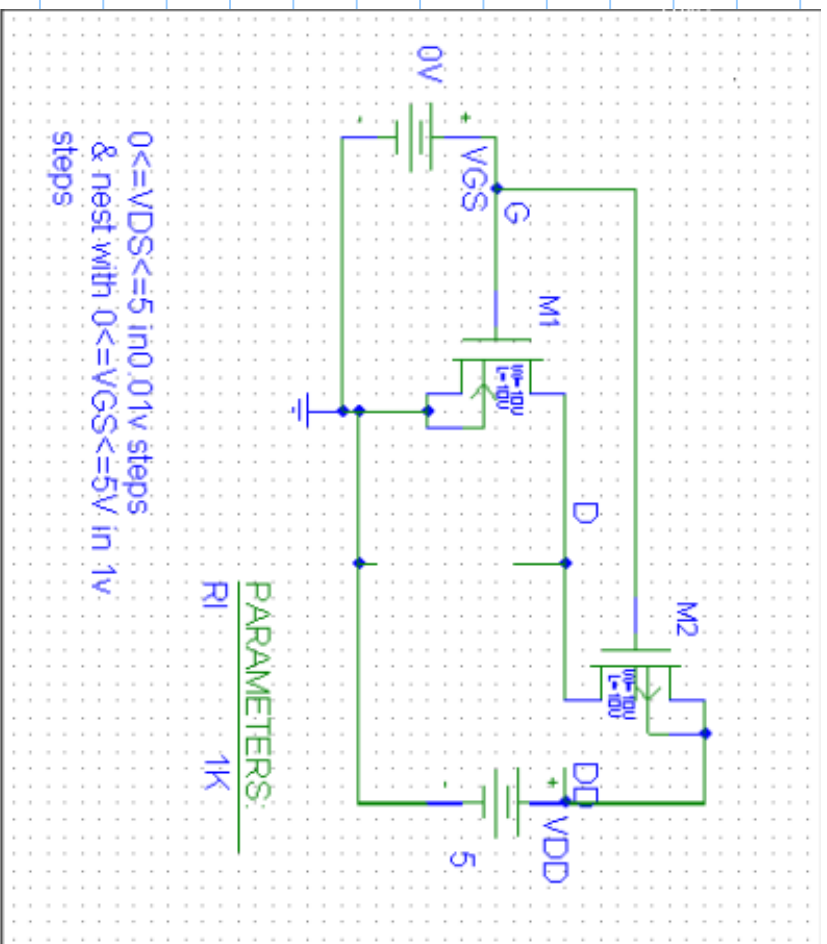
$V_{GS} - V_{TO} \leq V_{DS}$  (say  $> 4$ )

$$I_D = \frac{K_P W}{2 L} (V_{GS} - V_{TO})^2 \approx \frac{K_P \times 10}{2} (4)^2 \approx \frac{K_P}{2} \times 16 = 8 \times K_P$$

$$\approx 5.05 \times 8 \times 10^{-5} \approx 50 \times 10^{-5} \text{ amp} = 0.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ amp}$$

$$\approx \frac{1}{2} \text{ ma.}$$

The region changes from ohmic to saturation when  $V_{DS} \geq V_{GS} - V_{TO}$



an inverter  
 when fix  $V_{DD}$   
 & sweep  $V_{GS}$   
 & monitor  $V_{DS}$

to get transistor  
 noise & load  
 line invert  $V_{DS}$   
 noise & sweep  
 it