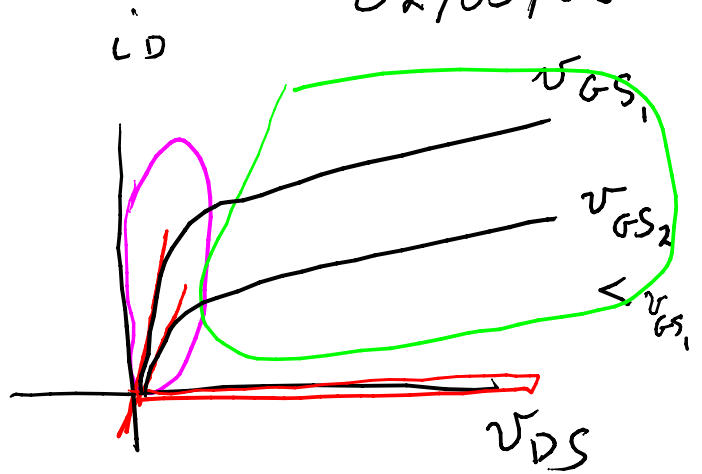
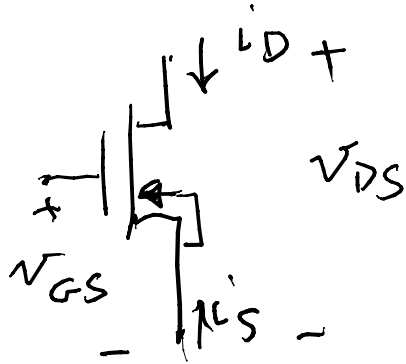


amplifiers - MOS

EE 303
02/03/06



$$i_D = f(V_{GS}, V_{DS})$$

$$V_{DS} > 0$$

p. 287 Small signal
p. 245 main models

off. $V_{GS} < V_{T0}$ = threshold voltage

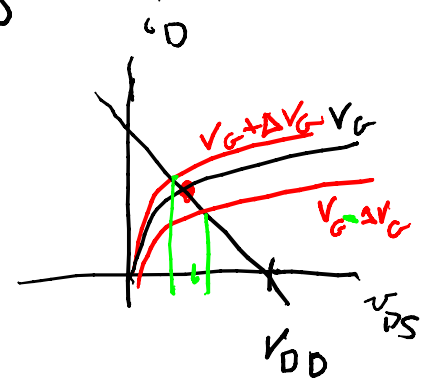
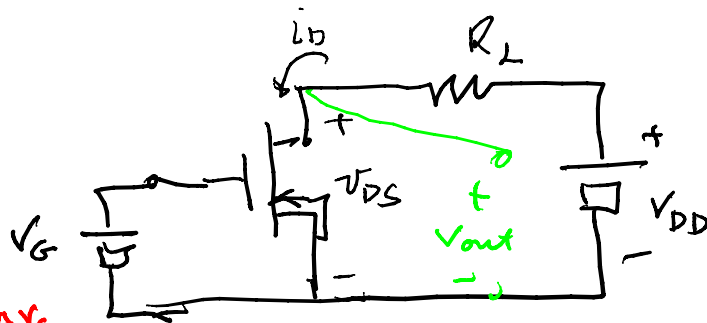
saturation $V_{GS} - V_{T0} \leq V_{DS}$

triode = Ohmic $V_{GS} - V_{T0} \geq V_{DS} \geq 0$

(a voltage variable resistor)

Eq. 4.6a: $i_D = \frac{K_P W}{2 L} (V_{GS} - V_{T0})^2$ in sat region

4.5a: $i_D = \frac{K_P W}{2 L} \{ 2(V_{GS} - V_{T0})V_{DS} - V_{DS}^2 \}$



gives an amplifier