

autoassociative

$p_i, a_i \in \{-1, 1\}$  ;  $1 \leq i \leq S$   
 ↑  
 component

$$W = PP^T ; \quad Wp = m ; \quad \underline{a}_i = \underline{p}_i ; \quad P = \begin{bmatrix} p_{11} & \dots & p_{1q} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ p_{s1} & \dots & p_{sq} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{p}_i^T \underline{p}_j = 0 \text{ if } i \neq j$$

= size of  $P$  = dimension

↑  
 vector

$$\underline{p}_i = \begin{bmatrix} p_{i1} \\ p_{i2} \\ \vdots \\ p_{is} \end{bmatrix}$$

Example  $S=12$

choose

$$\underline{p}_1 = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$$

$$\underline{p}_2 = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1]^T$$

find an  $\underline{x}$  such,  $\underline{p}_1^T \underline{x} = 0$ ,  $\underline{p}_2^T \underline{x} = 0$

$$\begin{bmatrix} p_1^T \\ -1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

subtract 1st row from second  $\Rightarrow$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & -2 & -2 & -2 & -2 & -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

divide 2nd

by -2

note that  $x = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1 \ 1 \ -1 \ 1 \ -1]^T = p_3$   
will work

Now form  $W = [p_1 \ p_2 \ p_3] [p_1 \ p_2 \ p_3]^T = [p_1 \ p_2 \ p_3] \begin{bmatrix} p_1^T \\ p_2^T \\ p_3^T \end{bmatrix}$

$$W = \begin{bmatrix} | & | & | \\ | & | & | \\ | & | & | \\ | & | & | \\ | & | & | \\ | & | & | \\ | & | & | \\ | & | & | \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 3 & 3 & & & & & & & & \\ 3 & & 3 & & & & & & & \\ 1 & & & & & & & & & \\ 1 & & & & & & & & & \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \vdots \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ \vdots \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \dots \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \vdots \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ \vdots \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

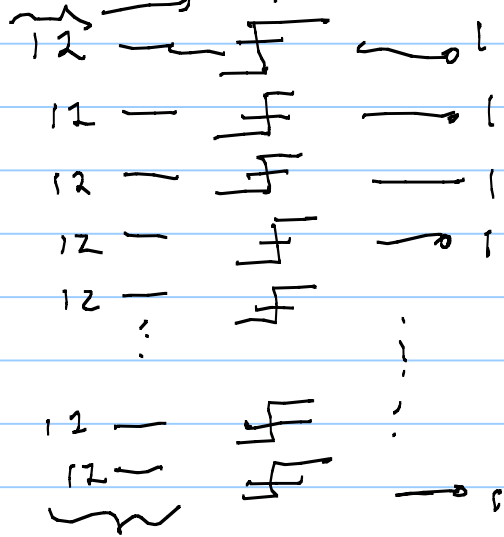
$$W = W^T \approx PP^T$$

$$(PP^T)^T = (P^T)^T \cdot P^T = PP^T$$

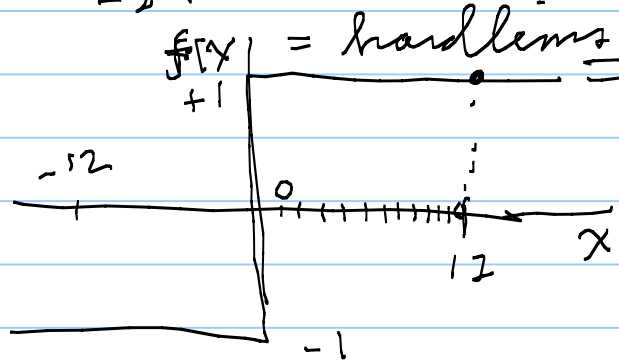
$$P^T \rho = \sum_{i=1}^{12} 1 \cdot 1 = 12$$

$$W \rho = \begin{bmatrix} \rho & \rho & \rho \\ -1 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \rho^T \\ \rho^T \\ \rho^T \\ -1 \\ -2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} \rho = \begin{bmatrix} \rho & \rho & \rho \\ -1 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} P^T \rho \\ -1 \rho \\ -2 \rho \\ -3 \rho \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \rho & \rho & \rho \\ -1 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = 12 \rho$$

$\therefore m = 12 \rho$  when  $\rho = \text{input}$



$$P^T \rho = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1] \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \vdots \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ \vdots \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = 6 + (-6) = 0$$



$$\approx f(\underline{m}) \quad \underline{a} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

know p. 11-25