

File: f:/courses/fall2018/610/610F18finalexm.doc RWN Tu 12/18/18
 EE 610 Final Exam Fall 2018 Take Home due prior to end of scheduled exam
 Open Book Open Notes 100 points, 2 hours.
 Notebooks are due at the end of the exam. Good luck and have a good semester break.

1. (10 points, 10 minutes)

Give the 2nd Foster circuit for all real constant a and b for which the following input admittance is Lossless PR

$$y(s) = [(s^2+1)(s^2+a)] / s[(s^2+2)(s^2+b)]$$

2. (10 points, 10 minutes)

Using the 1st Cauer test determine if the following polynomial is Hurwitz, strictly Hurwitz, or neither

$$P(s) = s^7 + 2s^6 + 6s^5 + 9s^4 + 12s^3 + 12s^2 + 8s + 4$$

3. (25 points, 25 minutes)

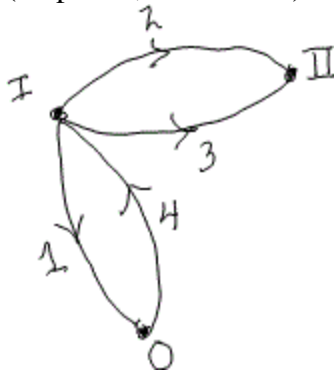
A 2-port is described by

$$v_2 = n_v \cdot v_1 \text{ and } i_2 = n_i \cdot i_1$$

where n_v and n_i are real constants (which can be negative, zero, or positive)

- Give the $A_v = B_i$ description and from it the 2-port Y, Z, and S matrices and when they exist give the n_v & n_i .
- Give the cases when this 2-port is passive.
- Load this 2-port in an admittance y_L (1-port) and give the corresponding (1-port) input y_{in} . Interpret the results when n_v and n_i are both positive. [remember that 2-port polarities have i_2 entering the 2nd port upper lead]
- Discuss how you would build this 2-port given that all types of controlled sources are available in VLSI circuits (that is, available are: VCCS=Voltage Controlled Current Sources, CCVS, VCVS, CCCS).

4. (20 points, 20 minutes)

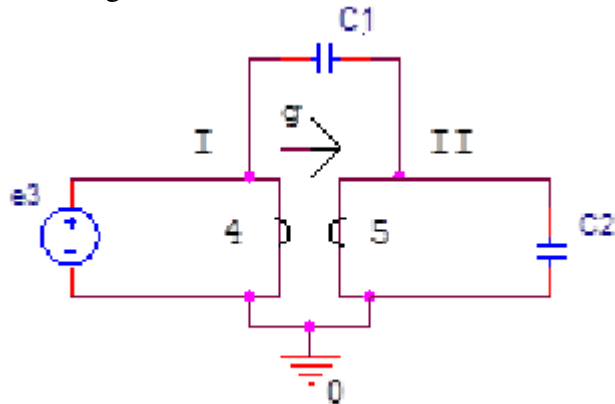


For the above circuit graph

- Using branches 1 and 2 as a tree, give the cut-set, C_1 , and tie-set, T_1 , matrices.
- Using the same numbering, repeat using branches 3 and 4 as a tree to give cut-set, C_2 , and tie-set, T_2 , matrices.
- Find a relationship (=transformation) matrix R such that the cut-set matrices are related by $C_2 = R \cdot C_1$ and give the relation between the tie-set matrices T_1 and T_2 .

5. (35 points, 35 minutes)

For the following circuit



- Set up the semi-state equations, $sEx=A(t)x+Be_3$, $v_{C2}=Cx$, using graph branches pointing down or to the right and numbered as the components. Choose branches 1 and 2 as the tree, the input as e_3 and output as the voltage of node II with respect to ground (which is $v_{C2}=x_2$). Use x as tree branch voltages followed by link currents.
- Using the middle 2-port (comprised of the gyrator and C_1) give its 2-port Y and from it give the input admittance, $y_{in}(s)$, seen by the voltage source and the voltage gain, v_{C2}/e_3 .
- Compare the calculations which would be involved between using the two methods to give the voltage gain.

