

has connections

KCL, KVL

choose $\downarrow i^+$
 v $v_i = \text{power into branch}$

need laws of components

1) KCL: $0 = +i_m - i_L - i_C - i_R$

KVL: $0 = v_L - v_R = v_C - v_R$

$\Rightarrow v = v_R = v_L = v_C$

L: $i_L = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^t v(\tau) d\tau + i(0)$, C: $i_C = C \frac{dv}{dt}$, R: $i_R = Gv$; $G = 1/R$

$i_m = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^t v(\tau) d\tau + i(0) + C \frac{dv}{dt} + Gv$

$\frac{di_m}{dt} = \frac{1}{L} v + C \frac{d^2v}{dt^2} + G \frac{dv}{dt}$

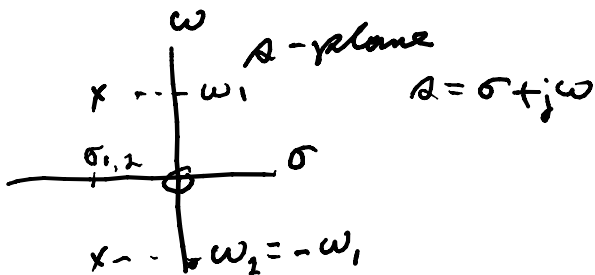
Note if $i = Ie^{at} \Rightarrow i_m = I_m e^{at} = Ie^{at}$ also then $v(t) = Ve^{at}$

$a Ie^{at} = \frac{1}{L} Ve^{at} + C a^2 Ve^{at} + G a Ve^{at}$

e^{at} is an entire function $\neq 0$

$a I = (\frac{1}{L} + C a^2 + G a) V \Rightarrow \frac{V}{I} = \frac{a}{\frac{1}{L} + C a^2 + G a} = \frac{L a}{C L a^2 + L G a + 1}$

$= Z(s)$



poles where $s^2 + \frac{G}{C}s + \frac{1}{LC} = 0$

$s_{1,2} = -\frac{G}{2C} \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(\frac{G}{C})^2 - \frac{4}{LC}}$

give natural responses

$$\text{if } I=0 \Rightarrow (1 + LCs^2 + LGs)V \Rightarrow \text{can have } V=0 \text{ or}$$

$$P(s) = s^2 + \frac{G}{L}s + \frac{1}{LC} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow v(t) = V_1 e^{s_1 t} + V_2 e^{s_2 t} \quad \text{where } s_{1,2} \text{ solve } P(s) = 0$$

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