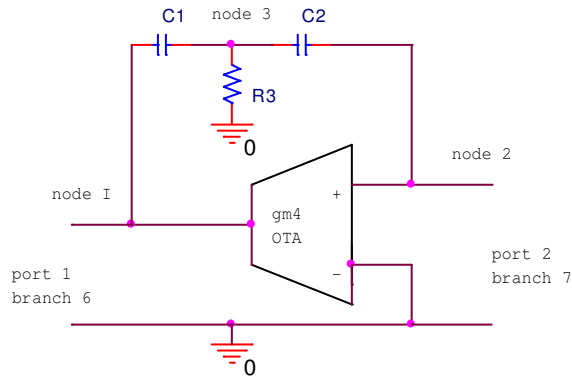


1. [50 points] [passive 2-port]



For the above circuit assume that all element values,  $C1$ ,  $C2$ ,  $R3$ ,  $gm4$ , can take on any real number.

a) Calculate the real power into the 2-port when sinusoidal current sources are applied at the ports assuming that the currents have arbitrary amplitudes  $|I1|$  &  $|I2|$  at variable frequency  $\omega$ .

b) Determine the ranges of element values for which  $0 \leq \text{Re}(V^T I)$  for any sinusoidal input (port) currents,  $I1$  &  $I2$ .

2. [50 points] [semistate/state equations]

In the circuit of problem 1 above replace  $C2$  by a resistor  $R2$ . To simplify notation change the name of  $C1$  to  $C$  and  $gm4$  to  $g$ .

a) Set up the semistate equations taking the port currents as inputs and the port voltages as outputs. Use  $x$  as the tree branch voltages [use branches 1, 6, 7 for these] and link currents,  $x = [v_t^T \ i_l^T]^T$ .

b) Reduce these equations to state variable ones,  $dv1/dt = Av1 + Bu$ ,  $y = Cv1 + Du$ .

c) Find the transfer function (matrix)  $T(s) = D + C(s-A)^{-1}B$ .