

ENEE 610

Homework Problems for Grading, Set 5 (100 points)

Due at class W 11/10/04

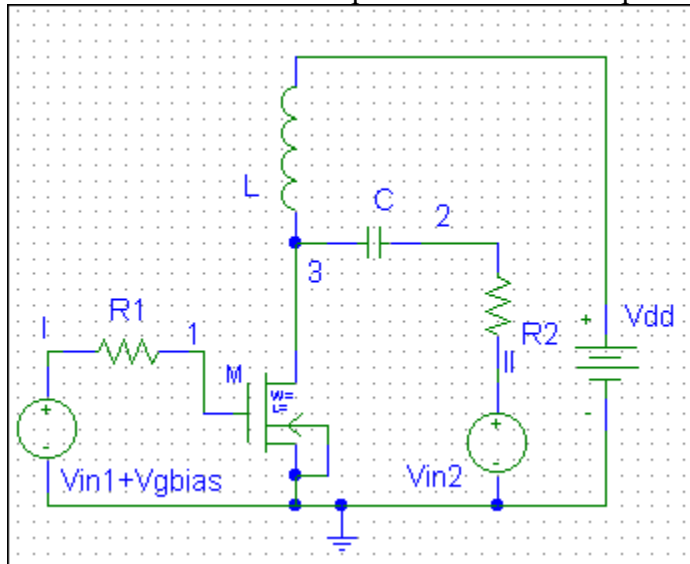
Indefinite Y, S, Hurwitz polynomials

1. (80 points)

For the following circuit assume $V_{dd}=9V$, $V_{gbias}=3V$, and the transistor described by

$$I_d = \frac{KP}{2} \frac{W}{L} (V_{gs} - V_{th})^2$$

with $V_{th}=1V$, $KP=10^{-5} A/V^2$, $W/L=10$. Also assume V_{in1} and V_{in2} to be small signal and at a frequency below which the transistor parasitics become important.



- Draw the small signal equivalent circuit evaluating g_m and using C and L as parameters.
- Find for small signals the indefinite Y_{ind} matrix for the circuit between nodes 1, 2, and ground (that is the circuit of C , L , M excluding $R1$ & $R2$).
- Make Y_{ind} the definite Y_{def} by grounding the ground node and from that eliminate node 3 to calculate the Y matrix of the 2-port between nodes 1 and 2.
- Assume $R1=R2=1$ and repeat b) to get the indefinite Y_{aug_ind} for the two port between nodes I and II (the plus nodes of V_{in1} and V_{in2}).
- Repeat c), eliminating nodes 1, 2, 3, to get Y_{aug} .
- From the two matrices, Y and Y_{aug} , find in two ways the scattering matrix $S(s)$ of the 2-port comprising C , L , M .
- Are there values of C and L for which $S(s)$ is bounded-real? If so give their values while if not explain why not.

2. (20 points)

Using reactance functions check for the Hurwitz property

a) $P1(s)=s^6+6s^5+5s^4+4s^3+3s^2+2s+1$ b) $P2(s)=s^5+2s^4+3s^3+4s^2+5$