## Cryptography ENEE/CMSC/MATH 456: Homework 7

Due by 2pm on 4/24/2023.

- 1. Compute  $3^{1000} \mod 100$  by hand.
- 2. Compute  $[101^{4,800,000,023} \mod 35]$  by hand.
- 3. Let N=pq be a product of two distinct primes. Show that if  $\phi(N)$  and N are known, then it is possible to compute p and q in polynomial time.

**Hint:** Derive a quadratic equation (over the integers) in the unknown p.

4. Let N=pq be a product of two distinct primes. Show that if N and an integer  $d \leq \phi(N)$  such that  $3 \cdot d \equiv 1 \mod \phi(N)$  are known, then it is possible to compute p and q in polynomial time.

**Hint:** Obtain a small list of possibilities for  $\phi(N)$  and then use the previous exercise.

5. Fix N, e with  $gcd(e, \phi(N)) = 1$ , and assume there is an adversary A running in time t for which

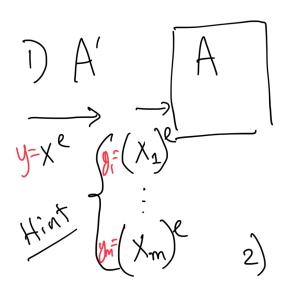
$$\Pr[A([x^e \mod N]) = x] = 0.01, \quad \left( \ell_1 \bigwedge \right)$$

where the probability is taken over uniform choice of  $x \in \mathbb{Z}_N^*$ . Show that it is possible to construct an adversary A' for which

Pr[ $A(x^e \mod N) = x] = 0.99$   $(\ell, N)$ 

for all x. The running time t' of A' should be polynomial in t and ||N|| (the number of bits it takes to write down N).

**Hint:** Use the fact that  $y^{1/e} \cdot r = (y \cdot r^e)^{1/e}$ .



As long as A

solves 1

correctly, A'

solves correctly