ENEE 222: 4/18 Class

Material: Lecture videos 18.1, 18.2, 18.3

1. The sum of three continuous-time sinusoids of frequencies

18, 24 and 96 Hz

is periodic with fundamental frequency

A. 2 Hz B. 3 Hz C. 6 Hz D. 18 Hz

2. The sum of two continuous-time sinusoids of frequencies

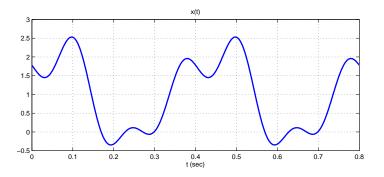
2 and $\sqrt{2}$ Hz

is

- A. periodic with fundamental frequency $\sqrt{2}$ Hz
- B. periodic with fundamental frequency $2 \sqrt{2}$ Hz
- C. periodic with fundamental frequency $2+\sqrt{2}~\mathrm{Hz}$
- D. not periodic
- **3.** The graph below depicts two periods of the finite real-valued Fourier series

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=0}^{M} A_k \cos(k\Omega_0 t + \phi_k) ,$$

where all A_k 's are nonzero.



The value of Ω_0 , in rad/sec, equals

A. 0.4π B. 0.8π C. 2.5π D. 5π

- **4.** If x(t) is as question **5** above, then
 - A. M = 0
 - B. M = 1
 - C. $M \ge 2$
 - D. There is insufficient information to determine which (if any) of A–C is true.

5. (HW 22 \sim ii) Let

$$s(t) = -5.7 + 2.6\cos(36\pi t + 0.3) + 8.2\cos(48\pi t - 2.5) + 3.8\cos(192\pi t + 1.7),$$

where t is in seconds. Sketch the complex Fourier series spectrum of s(t), with frequency Ω on the horizontal axis. Mark each spectral line (stem) with the corresponding complex coefficient value.

6. (HW 22 ~iii) Suppose that s(t) is sampled every $T_s = T_0/N$ seconds, where N is an integer, to produce

$$s[n] = s(nT_s)$$

Write an equation for s[n] in terms of real sinusoids.

7. (HW 22 $\sim iv$) Use the IFFT function in MATLAB to generate 512 samples of s(t) over its first period $[0, T_0)$.