Write, assemble and run successfully on the simulator a Mac-1 subroutine \texttt{minod(n,x)} that returns in the AC the address of the integer possessing the algebraically smallest odd value (zero and multiples of 2 are even) among the \( n \) integers in the array whose starting address is \( x \). If there are no odd values in the array being processed, return -1 which as an unsigned address is 65535, a clearly out of bounds address in the 4096 word memory. If there are two or more equal \texttt{minod} values, return the largest of the addresses. Your subroutine should be tested with the main program shown below, which defines how the parameters are passed.

Hand in a copy of the main program symbolic assembly listing, the subroutine symbolic assembly listing, the contents of (macro) memory after “load main sub” (i.e., of main.abs) before execution of the program, and the contents of memory after execution of the program. Highlight and comment upon the final answers. Specify what values are contained in the addresses specified by \texttt{ans1}, \texttt{ans2}, and \texttt{ans3}.